USSR / Human and Animal Morphology (Normal and Pathological). Nervous System. Peripheral Nerrous System. Abs Jour i Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 9, 1958, No. 40792 Kingleya A. F. Author Inst Not given Title : Sensory Innervation of the Human Epicardium : Arkhiv anatomii, gistol. i embriologii, 1957, 34, No 5, Orig Pub Abstract : It was demonstrated, in the study by the method of impregnation of Bil'shovskiy-Gross of the heart of men who perished from accidental trauma at the age of 19 -

demonstrated: tendril-like, arbor-like and feathery,
with limited and diffused character of arborization,
ball-like endings, mixed endings (arbor-like, ball-like,
Chair of Pathological, Anatomy - Kiew Medical Dustitute
in A. A. Bogomolet.

70 years that the epicardium possesses a powerful sensory innervation. The following receptors were

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810016-4"

USSR / Human and Animal Morphology (Normal and Pathological).
Nervous System. Peripheral Nervous System.

S

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 9, 1958, No. 40792

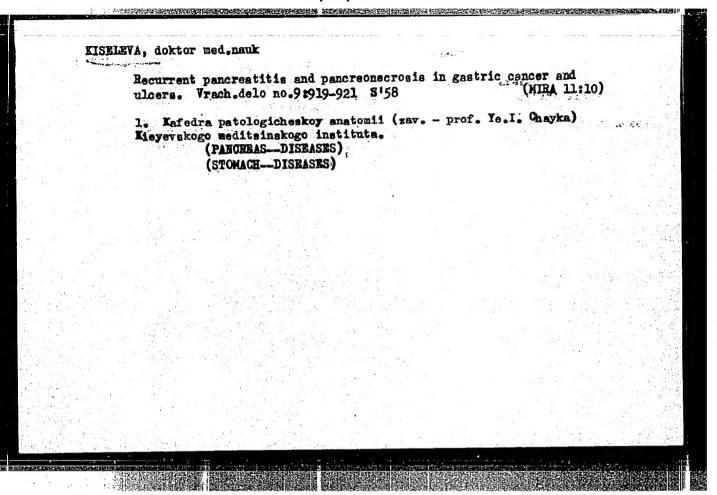
feathery) and irregular loop-like sensory plexus. Receptors of the polyvalent type were encountered. Each of the mentioned forms existed in the aspect of free and non-free endings. Large receptor areas were distributed on the anterior wall of the right auricle, in the area of the posterior venous sinus, on the posterolateral wall of the left auricle, and in the areas surrounding the entrance of the pulmonary veins.

Card 2/2

37

Morphological changes in the intracardiac nervous system in myccardial infarct.(experimental and human). Vrach.delo no.8:795-799 Ag '58 (MIRA 11:8)

1. Kafedra patologicheskoy anatomii (zav. - saslyzhenyy deyatel' nauki prof. Ye.I. Chayka), kafedra topograficheskoy anatomii (sav. - prof. S.T. Hovitskiy [deceased]) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta i kafedra anatomii (nachal'nik - chlen-korrespondent AMM SSSR prof. B.A. Dolgo-Saburov) Voyenno-meditsinskoy akademii imeni S.M. Kirova, Leningrad. (HEART--IMMERVATIOM)



Morphological changes in the nerve elements of the cardiac vessels in myocardial infarct. Vrach.delo no.7:709-713 Jl '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Kiyevskiy meditsinskiy institut.
(CORONARY VESSALS-INNERVATION)
(HRART--INFARCTION)

l. Kafedra patologicheskoy anatomii (zav zasluzhennyy deyatel* nauki, prof. Ye.I.Chayka) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (ANOXEMIA) (CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEMDISEASES) (NERVOUS SYSTEM)	KIS	system in g deficiency.	al connections in rave cardiovascul Vrach.delo no.ll	L: 59-67 N '60.		(MIRA 13:11)	
		nauki, prof (A) (C)	OXEMIA) RDIOVASCULAR SYS	TAGASKORO MEGTA	- zasluzhenn sinskogo ins	wy deyatel° stituta.	

KISELEVA, A.F., prof.

Changes in the cerebrospinal ganglia in chronic oxygen deficiency. Vrach. delo no.10:85-93 0 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Kafedra patologicheskoy anatomii (zav. - zasluzhennyy deyatel nauk, prof. Ye.I.Chayka) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(NERVES, SPINAL) (ANOXEMIA)

KISELEYA, A.F.;—doktor med.nauk; KOZACHUK, Tu.S., kand.med.nauk

Morphological changes in the cerebrospinal ganglia in cancers
of varying localization, Vrach.delo no.7:90-85 Jl '60.

(MIRA 13:7)

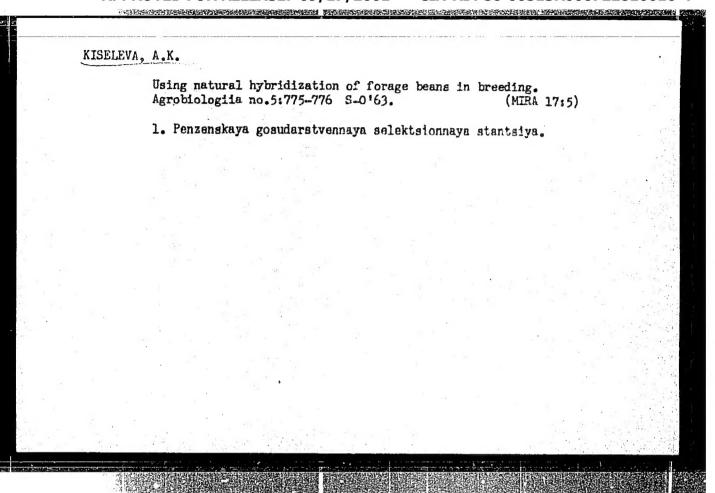
1. Kafedra patologicheskoy anatomii (zav. - zasluzhennyy deyatel'
nauki, prof. Te.I. Chayka) Kiyerskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(NERVES, SPINAL—DISMASES) (CANCER)

KISELEVA, A. K.

6783. Verkhovskiy, V. V. i Kiseleva, A. K. Kormovyye kul'tury.
Penza, Kn. izd., 1954. 87 s. s. ill. 20 sm. 3.000 ekz. l r. 15 k. -(55-2859) P 633.2/4(47.398)

S0: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 6, 1955



KISELEVA, A.M.

Comparative electroencephalographic data in a causalgic syndrome and in phantom sensations. Trudy LIETIN no.13:129-145 '64.

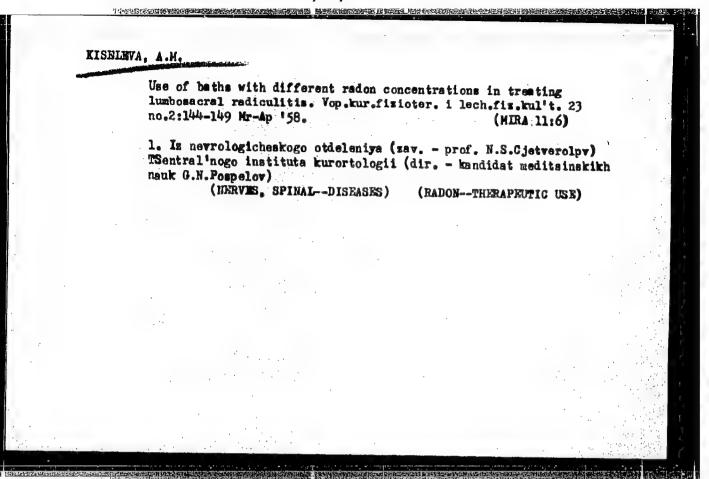
Characteristics of the electric activity of the brain in lesions of the peripheral nervous system. Ibid.:146-159

Bioelectric activity of the brain in migraine. Ibid.:160-173
(MIRA 18:12)

KISELEVA, A. M., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "The Relative Therapeutic Effectiveness of Radon Baths with Varying Concentrations of Radon The Manual Patients Supply (Ministery of Health RSFSR. Science Research Inst. of Health Resort Studies and Physiotherapy). 200 copies.

(KL 34-58, 101)

30



KISELEVA, A.M.; MEL'NITSKAYA, Z.S.

Bioelectrical activity of the brain in Raynaud's syndrome. Zhu. nevr. i psikh. 62 no.1:70-77 '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Nevrologicheskoye otdeleniye (sav. - prof. N.S.Chetverikov) Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta kurortologii i fizioterapii (dir. - dotsent G.N.Pospelova) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR, Moskva.

(ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY)

(RAYNAUD'S DISEASE)

KISELEVA, A.M.

Bioelectrical activity of the brain in an astheno-vegetative

syndrome following chronic tetraethyllead poisoning. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 62 no.5:709-715 '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Nevrologicheskoye otdeleniye (zav. - prof. N.S. Chetverikov)
TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta kurortologii
i fizioterapii (dir. G.N. Poslelova), Moskva.
(ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY) (IEAD-POISONING)
(NERVOUS SYSTEM, AUTONOMIC-DISEASES)

KISELEVA, A.M.

Effect of baths with various radon concentration on the arterial pressure. Vop. kur., fizioter. i lech. fiz. kul't. 30 no.4: 304-306 Jl-Ag '65. (MIRA 18:9)

l. Nevrologicheskoye otdeleniye (zav.- prof. N.S. Chetverikov) TSentral'nogo instituta kurortologii i fizioterapii (dir.- dotsent G.N. Pospelova), Moskva.

ALYAVDIN, V.F.; VASIL'YEVA, L.F.; VITOSHINSKAYA, M.I.; GRIGOR'YEVA, L.N.;
GODLEVSKIY, M.N.; ZHERBINA, K.M.; ZHEZEZKOVA, V.N.; KISELEVA, A.N.;
KOZYREVA, Yu.A.; KULIKOV, K.V.; PAFFENGOL'TS, K.N.; POLEVOY, B.F.;
SOLOV'YEV, S.P.; STULOV, N.N.; SHAFRANOVSKIY, I.I.

In memory of A.V.Nemilovoi. Zap.Vses.min.ob-va 90 no.6:756-757
(61.

(Nemilova, Aleksandra Vasil'evna, 1892-1961)

usse/ General Problems of Pathology. Tumors

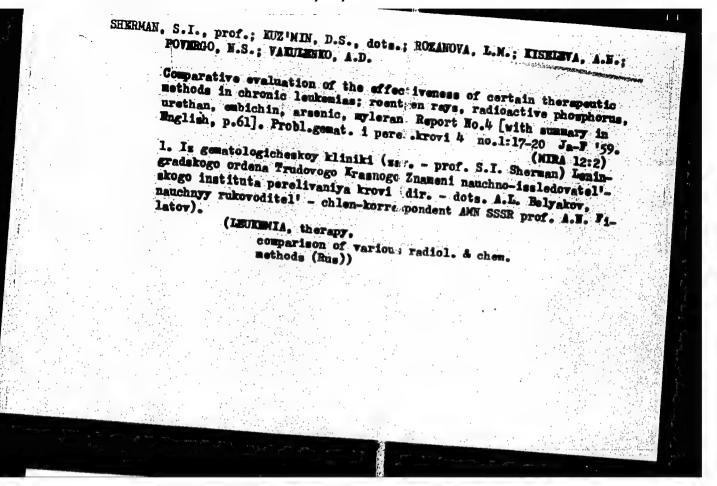
Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 5, 1958, 23019

U-4

with transfusions of packed red cells, 200-300 ml., 3-10 times depending upon the degree of anemia and the patient's general condition. All patients showed significant improvement, 108 of the being able to return to work. In lymphatic leuke da the authors do not recommend striving for a white call count below 15,000-20,000 per cu. mm., because such a decrease would be acceompanied by a drop in granulocytes, which would lead to a lowering of the body's defence forces. The authors believe that the patient in initial stages of chronic leukemia, in satisfac ory general condition and with an elevated white cell count to 40,000-60,000 should not be subjected to X- ay treatment; in such cases therapy may be limited to general supporting

Card 2/2



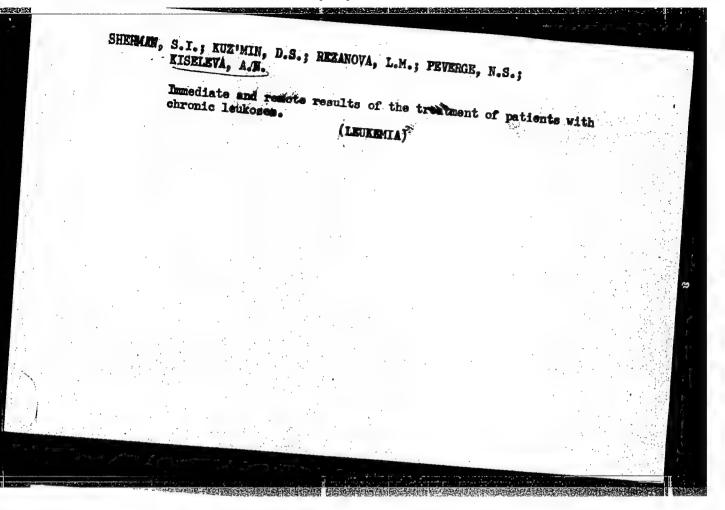
SHERMAN, S.I., prof.; EUZ'MIN, D.S., dotsen: ROZANOVA, L.M.; KISELEVA, A.N.;

Comparative evaluation of the effectiveness of certain therapy methods in chronic leukemis; I rays, radioactive phosphorus, urethan, embichine, arsenic, and myleran. Reports: Ni.2, 3. [with summary (MIRA 11:5)]

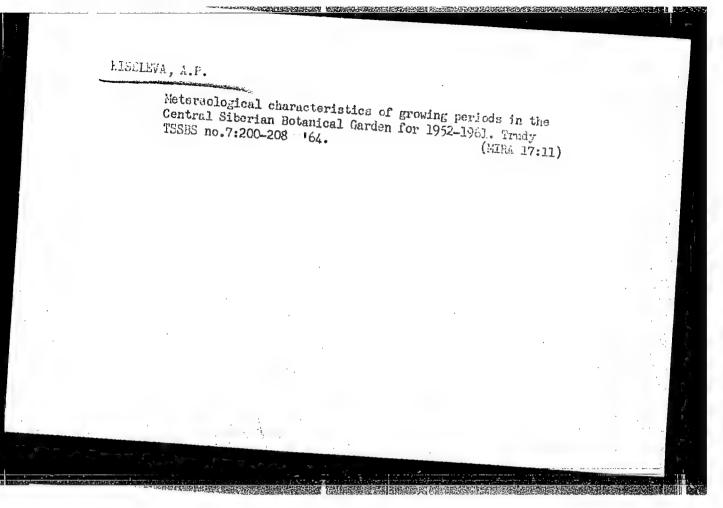
1. Is Leningradskogo ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-Belynkov, nauchnyy rukovoditel'-chlen-korrespondent AMM SSSR prof.

A.M. Filatov).

(LEUKEMIA, therapy, comparison of various methods (Rus)



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810016-4"



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810016-4"

BELOUSOV, B.I.; KISBLEVA, A.S.

Letters to the editor. Zdrav. Ros. Feder. 3 no.4:34-37 Ap 159

1. Glavnyy vrach Isetskoy rayonnoy bol'nitsy Tyumenskoy oblasti
for Belousov). 2. Zamestitel' zaveduyushchego Amurskim oblastiym
otdelom zdravookhraneniya (for Kiseleva).

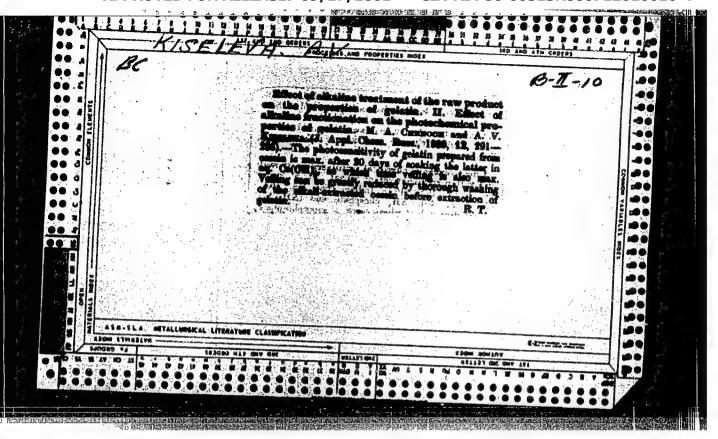
(ISETSKIY DISTRICT(TYUMEN PROVINCE) -- MEDICAL RECORDS)

(AMUR PROVINCE-MEDICINE-STUDY AND TEACHING)

SHEVCHENKO, N.F., otv. red.; BABAYEVA, Ye.K., red.; BELOUSOV, Ye.K., red.; VINNIK, S.A., prof., red.; GERSHEVICH, S.A., red.; IOSSET, G.Ya., prof., red.; KATYUKHIN, N.Ya., red.; KISELEVA, A.S., red.; MENSHCHIKOVA, L.I., red.; NADGERIYEV, M.K., dots., red.; OBUKHOV, P.F., red.; RUTENBURG, D.M., red.; FAYN, M.A., dots., red.; OVECHKINA, L.S., red.

[Public health in Amur Province; collection of articles] Zdravookhranenie Amurskoi oblasti; sbornik statei. Blago-veshchensk, Amurskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962. 236 p.

1. Amur (Province) Otdel zdravookhraneniya.:2. Zaveduyu-shchiy Gospital'noy khirurgichesko klinikoy Blagoveshchen-skogo meditsinskogo instituta, Amurskaya oblast' (for Iosset). 3. Blagoveshchenskiy meditsinskiy institut, Amurskaya oblast' (for Obukhov). 4. Zaveduyushchiy Klinikoy obshchey khirurgii Blagoveshchenskogo meditsinskogominstituta, Amurskaya oblast' (for Nadgeriyev). 5. Zaveduyushchiy Kafedroy otorinolaringologii Blagoveshchenskogo meditsinskogo instituta, Amurskaya oblast' (for Vinnik). 6. Zaveduyushchiy Kafedroy sudebnoy meditsiny Blagoveshchenskogo meditsinskogo instituta, Amurskaya oblast' (for Fayn).



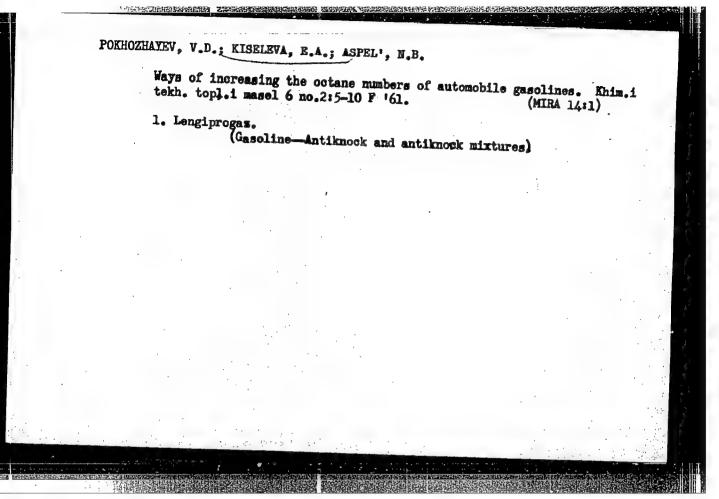
ACC NRi APO020073		•
SOURCE CODE: UR/0016/66/000/00 AUTHOR: Khomenko, N. A.; Ol'shevskaya, T. R.; Dovzhik, R. M.; Kiseleva	100 100 CT	* **
im. Mcchnikova); Sanitary-Epidemiological Station of the Lenin Region of (Sanitarno-epidemiologicheskaya stantsiya Leninskogo rayona Moskvy	syvorotok Moscow	
TITLE: Serological properties of Flexner bacilli isolated in the Soviet	Union	
an attrobiot, epidemiol i immunobiol no. 6, 1966, 3-8	A.	
property, flexner bacillus, Shigella flexneri, clinical method, biologic cation, SERUM, MICROBIOLOGY, BACTERIA	serological al classifi	
ABSTRACT:		
Various clinical serological methods were employed in the serotyping of 774. Flexmer cultures obtained from all parts of the Soviet Union. All 5 Sh. flexmeri serotypes and their corresponding subtypes as well as x and variants were included in these cultures. Rare types and atypical types are being studied further. Results of this experiment suggest the	*	
Section of the sectio		
Card 1/2 UDC: 576.851.49.077.3		
the same of the sa		

TWOCTHERTON	al Nomencl	ature Commi	ella class ttee:	ification	, which wer	e sent to) the	
1. Add 2 st 5b - and 2. Change :	abtypes to	Flexner typrmula v: 7,	pe 5, 5a -	antigenio	c formula	v: 3, 4		
2. Change t	*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			I.A. 50.	CHE No.	203
SUB CODE: 06	/ SUBM DAT	E: 06May65/	ORIG REF	: 006/ отн	REF: 006/	,	ODE NO.	101
					•	•		
	•		•				•	
**		* . *						
				•		•	***	
						٠		
	•							
: •	oʻ U		* .		•			
							**	

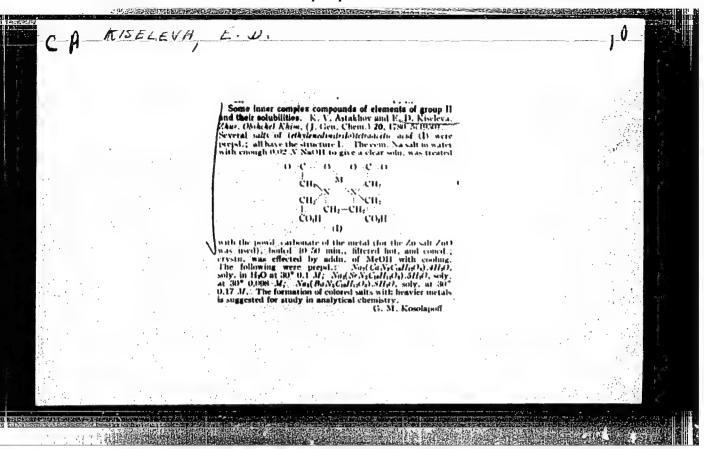
VIN'KOVETSKIY, Ya. A.; ZEYLIK, B.S.; KISELEVA, D.F.

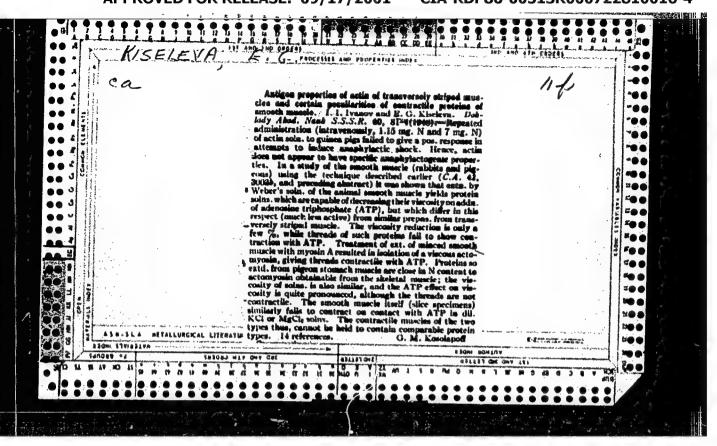
Origin of some island mountains in central Kazakhstan. Izv.

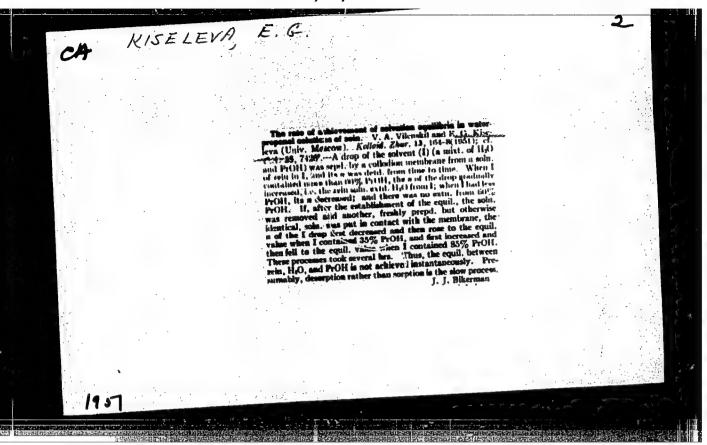
Vses. geog. ob-va 96 no.6:515-517 N-0'64 (MIRA 18:1)



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810016-4"







EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.7 Vol.10/2 Pediatrics Feb 56

372. KISELEVA F.L. Stalin Inst., Kemeroff. *Non-icteric leptospirosis in children (Russian text) PEDIATRIJA 1955, 3 (67-69)
This condition was observed in 67 children tiving near a shallow, muddy river polluted with cattle excrements. Some disease with bloody urine was noticed among cattle. The disease in children began abruptly with severe headache, fever, vomiting, and sometimes with chills and convulsions. Fever was intermittent and was followed by subfebrile temperature which lasted 3-16 days. Meningeal symptoms were present in 53% of cases. Renal involvement was recorded in 16 children. Leptospirosis was diagnosed by agglutination tests.

Anigstein - Galveston, Tex. (XX,7)

Clinic of Children's deseased Stalinck Inot. Advanced Training of Physicians and Children's Infectious deseased

SUL'G, P.A., otv.red.; KISELEVA, G.I., red.; SHEFER, G.I., tekhn.red.

[Standard plan of electric power plants for 600-1200 watt radio rediffusion systems] Tipovoi proekt elektrostantsii dlia radiotransliatsionnykh uzlov moshchnost'iu 600-1200 BT.

Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1959. 129 p. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po izyskaniyam i proektirovaniyu sooruzheniy svyazi "Giprosvyaz'".

(Electric power plants)

KUZNETSOV, P.V., otvetstvennyy red.; KISELEVA, C.I., red.; SHEPER, G.I., tekhn.red.

[Instructions for branch planning, accounting and analysis of operations in interurban telephone stations] Instruktsita po vnutriproisvodatvennomu planiroveniiu, uchetu i analizu deiatel'-nosti meshdugorodnykh telefonnykh stantsii. Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1957. 19 p. (MIRA 11:6)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo svyazi. Planovo-finansovoye upravleniye.

(Telephone stations—Accounting)

POLY.MSKAYA, T.D., prepodavatel; KISELEVA, G.I., red.; KARABILOVA, S.F., tekhn.red.

[Electric engineering; test assignments for students in the postal and economic section] Electrotekhnika; kontrol'nye zadaniła dlia uchashchikhsia pochtovo-ekonomicheskogo otdeleniła.

Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1958. 14 p. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy zachnyy tekhnikum svyazi. 2. Vsesoyuznyy zachnyy tekhnikum svyazi (for Polyanskaya).

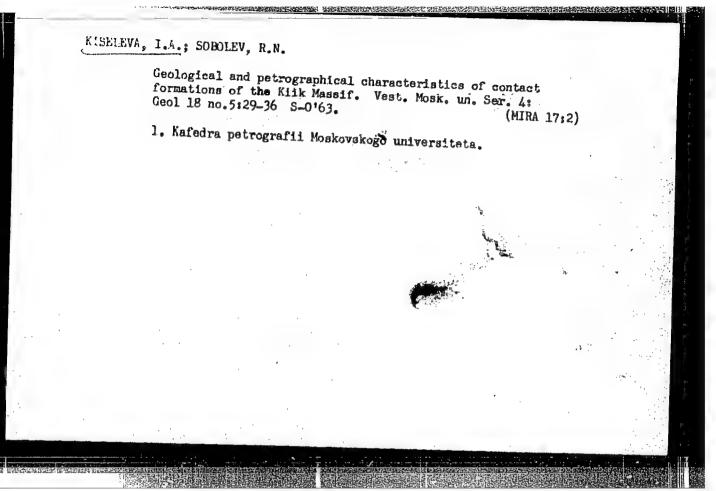
(Electric engineering—Problems, exercises, etc.)

(NIRA 14:2)

GAVZE, M.I., otv.red.; KISELEVA, G.I., red.; KARABILOVA, S.F., tekhn.red. [Temporary price list for equipment assembly] Vremennyi tsennik na montazh oborudovaniia. Moskva, Sviazizdat. No.1. 1959.

24 p.

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo svyazi. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy proyektnyy institut. (Telecommunication-Equipment and supplies)



KISHLEVA, I.A.

Data on the biology of Anopheles maculipennis sacharovi in Tashaus Province of the Turkmen S.S.R. Med.paras.i paras.bol. no.6:514-520 N-D 153. (MLRA 6:12)

1. Is Instituta malyarii i meditsinskoy parasitologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya Turkmenskoy SSE (direktor instituta - dotsent G.A. Pravikov).

(Tashaus Province--Mosquitoes) (Mosquitoes--Tashaus Province)

USSR/Zooparasitology - Tics and Insects (Disease Transmitters)

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologii, No 16, 1957, 70193

Author

Kisteleva, I.A.

Title

Materials to Biology of Anapheles Macilipennis Sacharovj

in Tushauz Region of Turkmen SSR

Orig Pub

बार विकास होते. प्रस्कृति क्रिकेटिया जन हुन सामा जना ज Tr. N. I. in-ta malyarii f med. parasitos. M-va zdravookhr. TurkmSSR, Ashkhabad, 1955, 14-22

Abstract

CHARLES FOR STATE OF THE LABOR TO SELECT ON THE SELECTION OF THE SELECTION In the last years, A. sacharovi appears to be the only species of anapholes in the northern regions of Turkmenia. Described are the daytime and winter places of habitat, data given of the biological constitution of : mosquitoes by day, and also data on phenology in 1948-1951. The early approach of diapause (in August) in A. sacharovi in the vicinity of the northern limits of its habitation. In the Tashaus region, the mosquitoes of this species are characterized by a di-maximal curve of. seasonal numbers of pop. with a fall during the

Card 1/2

KISELEVA, I. A.

Kiseleva, I. A.

"The Biology and Epidemiological Significance of Anopheles maculipennis Var. sacharovi favre in <u>Tashauz</u>*Oblast, Tadzhik SSR." Acad Sci Tadzhik SSR. Stalinabad, 1955. (Dissertation for the degree of Candidate in Biological Sciences)

· this ablant is in TUSSR and TASSR

SO: Knizhnaya letopis' No. 27, 2 July 1955

17(0) AUTHORS:

Gershenzon, S. M., Kiseleva, I. A.

SOV/20-123-3-49/54

TITLE:

The Induction of Controlled Hereditary Variations in Drosophila Melanogaster (Vyzyvaniye napravlennykh nasledstvennykh izmeneniy u Drosophila melanogaster)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol 123, Nr 3, pp 554-557

ABSTRACT:

The first author (Refs 1,2) suggested, about twenty years ago, that the most promising way for the induction of controlled artificial mutations must lead over an experimental change of the nuclein metabolism of the organism. For this purpose, a preparation of desoxy-ribonucleic acid (DNA) was added to the food of the larvae of Drosophila. Thus it is possible to produce a great number of mutations. They concern preponderantly the structure of the wings. Because of the principal importance of the problem whether physical and chemical mutagenic factors are only capable of accelerating the natural process of mutation or of influencing also the character of the forming mutations, the previous experiments were repeated on a larger scale. Only afterwards, the processes causing the controlled mutagenic influence of the DNA shall

Card 1/3

The Induction of Controlled Hereditary Variations in Drosophila Melanogaster

807/20-123-3-49/54

be investigated more thoroughly and analogous methods shall be tried on other organisms. The methods were similar to those of the earlier investigation (Ref 3). The males bred on a culture medium containing 12-13% of DNA-sodium salt (according to Neyman, Ref 5) were interbred with foreign females fy: the F1-males were again interbred with such foreign females. The three series of tests performed gave consistent results. It can be seen from tables 1 and 2 that the offsprings of the males used in this experiment exhibited far more mutations than those of the control males. Especially numerous mutations occurred among the F_1 -males of the test series. This suggests a mutagenic effect of the DNA. This variability was maintained in the 2nd generation as well and decreased in the third one. The investigation of 298 sex chromosomes by means of the Clb method gave not a single recessive lethal factor. The present paper completely confirmed the results obtained years ago. Many visible mutations took place, most of which were observed on the wings. The frequency of the sex-linked lethal factors either does

Card 2/3

The Induction of Controlled Hereditary Variations in Drosophila Melanogaster

SOV/20-123-3-49/54

not increase at all or only to a little extent. The mutagenic effect of the DNA-preparation is protracted, viz. it displays some after-effect specific for chemical mutagenic factors. There are 1 figure, 2 tables, and 5 references, 3 of which

ASSOCIATION:

Institut zoologii Akademii nauk USSR (Institute of Zoology, AS, UkrSSR)

PRESENTED:

July 9, 1958, by A. V. Palladin, Academician

SUBMITTED:

July 1, 1958

Card 3/3

MILOVSKIY, A.V.; KISELEVA, I.A.

Skarns and ores of the Mil'ga magnetite deposit in the Eastern Sayan Mountains. Geol. rud. mestorozh. 6 no.4:45-56 Jl-Ag '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Geologicheskiy fakul'tet Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

BYLINKINA, A.A.; D'YAKOVA, N.P.; KISELEVA, I.B.

Bathophenanthroline. Met. poluch. khim. reak. i prepar. no.6:46-48 '62. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh veshchestv.

KISELEVA 1. G.

USSR/Chemistry - Physical chemistry

Card 1/1

Pub. 22 - 36/56

Authora

* Kabanov, B. N.; Kiseleva, I. G.; and Loykis, D. I.

Title

Determination of the zero charge potential on a PbO2 electrode.

Periodical :

Dok. AN SSSR 99/5, 805-808, Dec 11, 1954

Abstract

Experiments were conducted to determine whether the method employed in measuring the capacity of a double layer would be suitable in determining the zero point of a PbO2 electrode. The knowledge of the zero point is essential for the explanation of the working mechanism of a lead-plate battery where PbO2 is the active material of the positive electrode. The three basic characteristics of a PbO, electrode are listed. The extent to which a double layer of an oxide electrode, having metallic conductivity is analogous in its characteristics to layers of a metallic electrode, was investigated and the results are described. Eleven references: 10-USSR and 1-USA (1939-1954). Graphs.

Institution: Presented by:

Academy of Sciences USSR, Institute of Physical Chemistry

Academician A. N. Frumkin, July 8, 1954

KISSLEVA, I. G.

KISELEVA, I. G. - "The mechanism of anode liberation of oxygen on lead dioxide."

Moscow 1955. Acad Sci USSR, Inst of Physical Chemistry. (Dissertations for degree of Candidate of Chemical Sciences.)

SC: Knizhnaya letopis', No 48. 20 November 1955. Moscow.

KISTLEVAL GI

USSR/Electrochemistry

B-12

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 8, 1957, 26302

Author Inst

: I.G. Kiseleva, B.N. Kabanov : Academy of Sciences of USSR

Title

: Adsorption of Sulfuric Acid on Lead Dioxide Electrode

Orig Pub : Dokl. AN SSSR, 1956, 108, No 5, 864-867

Abstract : The influence of the potential φ in the range from 1.6 to The influence of the potential Thin the tange (A) of HSO, on 2.1 v (1. v. e.) on the adsorption magnitude (A) of HSO, on the adsorption magnitude (A) of HSO, the PbO₂ from 0.005, 0.01, 0.05 and 0.5M solutions of E₂SO₄, influence of an addition of CoSO, on the adsorption of H2SO1 and A of CoSO1 on PoO2 were studied. A was determined by radiochemical measurements with the application of isotopes s35 and Co60 and titration with a colored indicator by the decrease of the adsorbed substance in the solution. Porous PbO2 electrodes (volume 3.4 cub. cm, actual surface 1 x 105 sq. cm), as well as surface electrodes of PbO2 applied to Pb tapes (actual surface about 10 sq.cm) served as adsorbents. It was shown that at φ of 1.75 to 1.9 v, i.e. in the region of the potential of the zero charge (RZhKhim, 1955, 36973), A increases sharply with the increase of 4. At 9 about 2 v, A

Card

1/2

5(4)
AUTHORS: Kiseleva, I. G., Kabanov, B. N. SOV/20-122-6-24/49

TITLE: On the Formation and on the Electrochemical Properties of Crystalline Modifications of Lead Dioxide (Ob obrazovanii i elektrokhimicheskikh svoystvakh kristallicheskikh modifikatsiy dvuokisi svintsa)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol 122, Nr 6, pp 1042-1045

ABSTRACT: PbO₂ exists in a tetragonal (β -form) and in a rhombic (α -) modification. According to available experimental data, the conditions in favor of the α - or β -form essentially depend upon whether PbO₂ is formed in the presence or in the absence of H₂SO₄. It could therefore be assumed that formation of the various crystal forms is connected with the

of the various crystal forms is connected with the absorption of sulfuric acid, which is retained very firmly and in large quantities on PbO₂. For the purpose of verifying this assumption the suthers

Card 1/3 tion the authors carried out comparative measurements of the absorption capacity, and they also investigated the structure

On the Formation and on the Electrochemical Properties of Crystalline Modifications of Lead Dioxide

> of the electrodes produced under various conditions from PbO2. Results are shown by a table. Adsorption was measured radiochemically, and the structure was investigated radiographically. The precipitates produced from a neutral solution or by the oxidation of PbSO4 in 0.01 n H2SO4 essentially consisted of $\alpha\text{-PbO}_2$. In the case of an electrochemical recrystallization of the electrode in 8 N H2SO4 an irreversible adsorption of $\mathrm{H_{2}SO_{4}}$ on $\mathrm{PbO_{2}}$ and a transformation of $\alpha\text{-PbO_{2}}$ into $\beta\text{-PbO_{2}}$ takes place. The desorption of H2SO4 is accompanied by a transformation of β -PbO₂ into α -PbO₂. The authors then discuss the comparison drawn between the electrochemical behavior of a-PbO and β -PbO₂. The curves plotted at the anodes for the dependence of $\mathcal P$ on lg i develop parallel to each other with a distance of 30 - 40 millivolts. The exchange current is nearly the same in both modifications. Various details are then discussed. According to the results obtained by the present paper, the delay of the process $Pb0_2 \longrightarrow Pbs0_4$ and the forming of the

Card 2/3

The second secon

On the Formation and on the Electrochemical Properties of Crystalline Modifications of Lead Dioxide

> β -form are probably due to the chemical adsorption of sulfuric acid on the PbO surface. Continuation of the here discussed investigations would be of practical interest. There are 2 figures, 1 table, and 11 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elektrokhimii Akademii nauk SSSR

(Institute for Electrochemistry of the Academy of Sciences,

USSR)

PRESENTED: June 10, 1958, by A. N. Frumkin, Academician

SUBMITTED: June 10, 1958

Card 3/3

5 (1.2)

AUTHORS: Astakhov, I. I., Kiseleva, I. G., Kabanov, B. N.

SOV/20-126-5-35/69

TITLE:

The Polymorphism of Lead Dioxide and the Structure of the

Electrolytic Deposits (Polimorfizm dvuokisi svintsa i stroyeniye

elektroliticheskikh osadkov)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 126, Nr 5, pp 1041 - 1043

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

According to various publication references, there are 2 different crystalline PbO₂-modifications: a) a rhombic (α) , and

b) a tetragonal (\$) modification which have different mechanical and physical properties. As is known, α-PbO, has a slight-

ly higher density (Ref 1). Also the hardness of the α -modification is higher (Ref 2). The deposit of the a-PbO2 is said to

be more compact (Ref 3). It is known that the mechanical and physical properties of the deposits depend on their structure (Ref 4). Publication references on this subject are very poor. The authors investigated these deposits for gold under the electron microscope (magnification 11,000). (The electrochemi-

Card 1/3

The Polymorphism of Lead Dioxide and the Structure SOV/20-126-5-35/69 of the Electrolytic Deposits

cal preparation of the deposits was made by P. I. Tyaglova). Figure 1 shows a deposit of the rhombic PbO2-modification which really forms more compact deposits. The looser deposits of the tetragonal modification are shown in figure 2. The authors put forward analogies among other chemical compounds (Ref 5) and discuss the presumable causes of the phenomenon in question (Refs 1, 6). The authors think it correct to explain the formation of different PbO2-modifications not by the origin of 2 different complexes in the solution, but by the adsorption phenomena on the surface of the growing crystals. Figure 3a shows a microphotograph of the PbO2-deposit.produced by oxidation of the lead sulphate in 0.01 n H2SO4. It is very similar to the one from a neutral solution (Fig 1). α-PbO2 can be obtained by reducing the adsorption of the H2SO4. This is possible by the admixture of $CoSO_4$ (Ref 8) (Fig 3b). The α -PbO₂-deposits represented in figure 3 are contradictory to the opinion

Card 2/3

The Polymorphism of Lead Dioxide and the Structure SOV/20-126-5-35/69 of the Electrolytic Deposits

> (Refs 1,6) that only the β -PbO₂-modification can be obtained by PbSO4-oxidation. The different strength of the deposits of the two modifications is practically of great interest (e.g. for the massive electrodes in hydrometallurgy). Finally, the strength of the positive plates in a lead accumulator is discussed. Barium sulphate destroys the solid structure of the lead dioxide (comparison between figures 3a and 4a). There are 4 figures and 9 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut elektrokhimii Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Electro-

chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

PRESENTED:

March 21, 1959, by A. N. Frumkin, Academician

SUBMITTED:

March 25, 1959

Card 3/3

31196

5-37-00

8/079/61/031/012/010/011 D204/D301

AUTHORS:

Razuvayev, G. A., Vyazankin, N. S., D'yachkovskaya,

O.S., Kiseleva, I. G., and Dergunov, Yu. I.

TITLE:

Certain reactions of the organometallic compounds of Group IV elements, catalyzed by aluminum chloride

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 31, no. 12, 1961, 4056

TEXT: A continuation of previous work, in which it has been shown that (Et) 3 SiCl and (Et) 5 SnCl could be obtained in high yields by the action of iso-C3H7Cl n (Et)4Si and (Et)4Sn in presence of AlCl3. This reaction has been used in the present work to synthesize $(Et)_5$ Si₂Br and compounds $(Et)_3$ MX, where M = Si, Ge, Sn and X = Cl, Br, in 60-90% yields. These were prepared by the dropwise addition of equimolar quantities of iso-C3H7X to (Et)4M containing ~2% AlCl, and heating until the gaseous products were evolved (~4

Card 1/2

Certain reactions of the

31196 S/079/61/031/012/010/011 D204/D301

hours). (Et) $_5$ Si $_2$ Br was converted to decaethyl tetrasilane (b.p. $_164-170^{\circ}$ C/1 mm Hg, $_120$ = 1.5160) by the action of highly dispersed fused Na, in 20.2% yield. It was also established that compounds of type (Et) $_6$ M $_2$, where M = Si, Signature disproportionate to (Et) $_4$ M and M, on heating to 235°C in the presence of 3 - 5% AlCl $_3$. There are 1 table and 2 references: 1 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: H. Gilman, R. K. Ingham and A. G. Smith, J. Org. Ch., 18, 1743, (1953).

ASSOCIATION:

Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khimii pri Gor'kovskom gosudarstvennom universitete imeni N. I. Lobacheskogo (Scientific Research Institute of Chemistry, Gor'kiy State University im. N. I. Lobacheskiy)

SUBMITTED:

July 3, 1961

Card 2/2

RAZUVAYEV, G.A.; VYAZANKIN, N.S.; D'YACHKOVSKAYA, O.S.; KISELEVA, I.G.; DERGUNOV, Yu.I.

Certain reactions of organic compounds of elements of the group 1V catalyzed by aluminum chloride. Zhur.ob.khim. 31 no.12:4056.

D '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khimii pri Gor'kovskom gosudarstvennom universitete imeni N.I.Lobachevskogo.
(Organometallic compounds)

KABANOV, B.N.; LEYKIS, D.I.; KISELEVA, I.G.; ASTAKHOV, I.I.; ALEKSANDROVA, D.P.

Cathodic introduction of alkali metals into electrodes in aqueous solutions. Dokl. AN SSSR 144 no.5:1085-1088 Je '62.

(MIRA 15:6)

1. Institut elektrokhimii AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom A.N.Frumkinym.

(Intermetallic compounds) (Electrochemistry)

ALEXEAUDROVA, D.P.; KISELEYA, I.G.; KABANOV, B.E.

Effect of the inclusion of alkaline metals into electrodes on hydrogen overvoltage. Thur. Fiz. khim. 38 no.6:1493-1500 Je '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Institut elektrokhimii AN SSSR.

	L 8307-66 EWT (1)/EWT (m)/ETC/EWG(m)/T/EWA(m)-2		1
	ACCESSION NR: AP5022143 UR/0364/65/001/009/1023/1028		
	Affection 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	TITLE: Overvoltage and mechanism of cathode intrusion of sikeli metals		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	SOURCE: Elektrokhimiya, v. 1, no. 9, 1965, 1023-1028		
	ABSTRACT: The discharge of cations of alkali metals here		
	recently and called the cathode intrusion of alkali metals), was studied dependence of the rate of this reaction on the potential and structure of cleaning to the reaction of the rate of this reaction on the potential and structure of cleaning the reaction of the rate of this reaction on the potential and structure of cleaning the reaction of the rate of this reaction on the potential and structure of cleaning the reaction of the reaction of the rate of this reaction on the potential and structure of cleaning the reaction between the reaction and the reaction between th		
	the reaction rate was obtained from data on the increase with time of the hydrogen overvoltage. The measurements were made in the 1 and 10 N NaOH electrolyte on or melting. The hydrogen overvoltage on the lead electrode in the 1 H NaOH		
	Card 1/3		
0	2	10000 10000 10000	
en spinkern			

L 8307-66 ACCESSION NR: AF5022143

electrolyte reached the maximum possible value after cathode polarization for 30-60 minutes. The rate of intrusion, because of a rapid liberation of hydrogen, could not be determined directly, and was calculated by extrapolation. The average density of alkaline metal intrusion into pure lead was thus determined as 10^{-10} amp /sq cm at 4^{-1} v. The reaction rate was measured directly on the lead-sodium electrodes (3.5 - 10% Ma): 10^{-10} amp /sq cm at 4^{-1} v. This large difference in the values of 10^{-10} mp re lead and in lead-sodium electrodes was caused by the fact that the intrusion rate increased with the increased number of vacancies in the metal lattice near the surface of electrodes. The equilibrium its depth, could provide only for a very small intrusion rate of 10^{-10} amp/sq cm. The larger intrusion rates occured only in the presence of a large number of vacancies in excess of the equilibrium concentration of vacancies. The number of vacancies was large in an alloy structure or in the presence of a large number of defects in the structure of the electrode metal. Changing only the conditions of the electrode surface (adsorption of As, Hg, and Te on the electrode surface, polishing or etching of the electrode) had little effect on the intrusion rate.

Card 2/3

L 8307-66	D. ADROOM IN		The state of the s	
ASSOCIATION	R: AF5022143 Institut elektrokhimiichemistry, Academy of S 21/4464/—Sep65	Akademii nauk SSS Sciences SSSR) ENGL: 00		
no ref sovi	008	OTHER: 002	5) 7/2 SUB CODE:	124, NP
			• 14 H, 46 S	
Pa				
Cord 3/3				

KISELEVA, I.G.; TCMASHOVA, N.N.; KABANOV, B.N.

Inclusion of alkaline metals into electrodes studied by the potential - time curve method. Zhur. fiz. khim. 38 no.5: 1188-1194 My '64. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Institut elektrokhimii AN SSSR. Submitted June 1, 1963.

KABANOV, B.N.; KISELEVA, I.G.; ASTAKHOV, I.I.; TOMASHOVA, N.N.

Overvoltage and mechanism of cathodic incorporation of alkalimetals into solid electrodes. Elektrokhimita 1 no.9:1023-1028 S *65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Institut elektrokhimii AN SSSR.

KABANOV, B.N.; ASTAKHOV, I.I.; KISELEVA, I.G.

Electrochemical inclusion of alkaline metals. Usp.khim. 34 no.10:1813-1830 0 65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut elektrokhimii AN SSSR.

KISELEVA, I. K.

KISELEVA, I. K.: "An experiments in reclamation regulation of the system of groudn waters in the irrigated regions of the Hungry Steppe on the example of the 'Pakhta-Aral' sovkhoz." Min Higher Education USSR.

Tashkent Inst of Engineers of Irrigation and Mechanizationof Agriculture.

Tashkent, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Scineces)

Knizhnayanletopis', No 39, 1956, Moscow.

TISELEVIT

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Commercial. Oil-Bearing. Sugars.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1958, 20380.

Author : Z.S. Tursunkhodzhayev, I.K. Kiseleva.

: The All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Cotton

Raising.

Title : The Irrigation Conditions for Cotton on the Golodnaya Steppe.

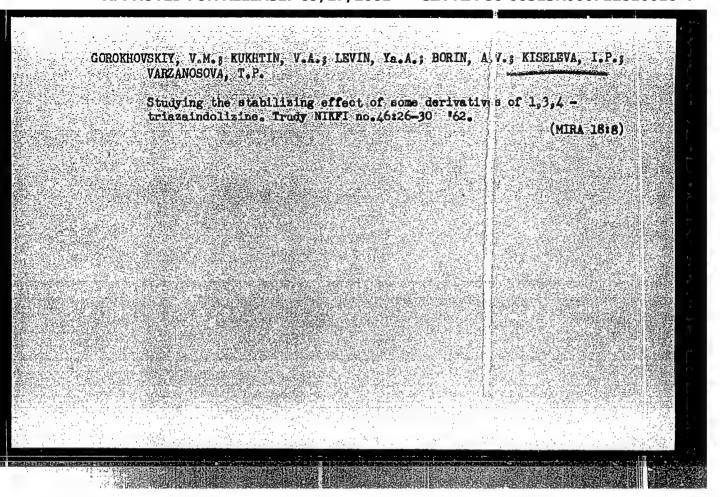
Orig Pub: Sots. s. kh. Uzbekistana, 1956, No 6, 22-27.

Abstract: The results of many years of field and laboratory research in the Pakhta-Aral'sk test station of the

All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Cotton Raising is presented. Lysimetric tests made at the Pakha-Aral'sk station in 1950-1951 have shown that during its vegetation period cotton consumes more water than to a large measure it is provided with.

In the tests at the station the water supply was

: 1/3 Card



GOROKHOVSKIY, V.M.; LEVIN, Ya.A.; KISELEVA, I.P.; GALIMOVA, A.M.

Relation between the desensitization and the height of the oscillographic peak of desorption of the homologues of 4-oxo-6-methyl-1,2,4 triazolo-(2,3-a) pyrimidine. Zhur. nauch. i prikl. fot. i kin. 8 no.3:205-206 My-Je '63.

(MIRA 16:6).

1. Filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo kinofoto-instituta, Kazan'.

(Triazolopyrimidine)

(Photographic emulsions)

KISELEVA, I.P.; POZDNYAKOV, D.P.

Case of giant malignant enchondroma of the sternum. Vest.rent. i rad. 35 no.1:67-68 Ja-F *60. (MIRA 13:6)

l. Iz kafedry rentgenologii s meditsinskoy radiologiyey (zav. dotsent M.M. Mikhaylov) i kafedry gošpital noy khirurgii (zav. prof. V.P. Radushkevich) Voronezhskogo meditsinskogo instituta
(dir. - prof. N.I. Odnoralov).

(STERBUM--DISEASES)
(ENCHONDROMA)

Excetosis of the contilers of the

Exostosis of the cartilage simulating tumor of the lung. Vest. rent. i rad. 35 no. 2:80-81 Mr-Ap '60. (MIRA 14:2).

l. Iz kafedry rentgenologii s meditsinskoy radiologiyey (zav. dotsent M.M. Mikhaylov) i kafedry gosptial noy (zav. - prof. V.P.
Radushkevich) Voronezhskogo meditsinskogo instituta (direktor prof. N.I. Odnoralov).

(CARTILAGE—DISEASES) (LUNGS—TUMORS)

KISELEVA, I.P. (Moskva, A-171, ul. Zoi i Al. Kosmodem'yanskikh, d.4, kv.61)

Roentgenological observations on changes in the osteoarticular apparatus in riveters. Ortop., travm. i protez. 24 no.11:29-32 N *63. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Iz kafedry rentgenologii s meditsinskoy radiologiyey (zav. - dotsent M.M. Mikhaylov) Voronezhskogo meditsinskogo instituta (rektor - prof. N.I. Odnoralov), nauchnyy konsul'tant raboty - zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. S.A. Reynberg.

SVET-MOLDAVSKY, G.J.; SVET-MOLDAVSKAYA, I.A.; KISELEVA, I.S.

Preparation of allergene-free vaccines against transmissible encephalitides and rabies from the brain of suckling mice and rabs. Acta virol.Bngl.&L.Praha 4 no.5:320-322 S'60.

1. The Tarasevich State Control Institute of Medical Biological Preparations and Policayelitis Research Institute, U.S.S.R. Academy of Medical Sciences, Moscow.

(EMCEPHALITIS EPIDEMIC immunol)

(EMCEPHALITIS JAPANESE B immunol)

(VACCIMES)

(RABIES immunol)

SVET-MOLDAVSKY, G. J.; technical assistance: KANYGINA, E. A.; KISELEVA, I. S.

Pathogenicity of Rous sarcoma virus for mammals. Sarcomas in rats, further studies on cyst-haemorrhagic disease and an attempt at isolating infectious ribonucleic acid from Rous sarcoma. Acta virol. Engl. Ed. Praha 5 no.3:167-177 My '61.

1. Influenza and Measles Laboratory, The Tarasevich State Control Institute of Medical Biological Preparations, Moscow.

(SARCOMA virol) (VIRUSES) (RIBONUCLEIC ACID)

KISELEVA, I.S., otv. za vyp.; YEMEL'YANOV, N.M., tekhn. red.

[Solemn meeting of the Province Committee of the CPSU, the Supreme Soviet and Council of Ministers of the Udmurt A.S.S.R. devoted to the 43d anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution and the 40th anniversary of the establishment of the Udmurt Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic] Torzhestvennoe zasedanie Oblastnogo komiteta KPSS, Verkhovnogo Soveta i Soveta ministrov Udmurtskoi ASSR, posviashchennoe 43-i godovshchine Velikoi Oktiabr'skoi sotsialisticheskoi revoliutsii i 40-letiiu obrazovaniia Udmurtskoi Avtonomnoi Sovetskoi Sotsialisticheskoi Respubliki. Izhevsk, Izd. Prezidiuma Verkhovnogo Soveta UASSR, 1961. 158 p. (MIRA 15:12) (Udmurt A.S.S.R.—Economic conditions)

124-58-9-10326

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 9, p 132 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Kiseleva, I. V.

TITLE: On the Developm

On the Development of the Displacement Method in Structural Dynamics (K voprosu o razvitii metoda peremeshcheniy v dinamike sooruzheniy)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Mosk. avtomob. -dor. in-ta, 1957, Nr 20, pp 241-246

ABSTRACT: Formulas are set up for the dynamic reactions of beams that arise during vibratory displacements of the supports, with due account of the weight of the beams; the analysis is based on the equation of the bending of the axis of a beam due to a vibrational loading written in terms of the initial parameters. The formulas are written for various boundary conditions and various types of displacements of the supports.

1. Beams--Structural analysis 2. Mathematics--Applications

Card 1/1

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mekhanika, 1959, Nr 1, p 114 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Kiseleva,

TITLE:

The Vibrations of a Rectangular and Orthotropic Plate Supported Along the Contour With Allowance for a Concentrated Weight Applied Together With a

PERIODICAL:

Tr. Mosk. avtomob. dor. in-ta, 1957, Nr 21, pp 129-132

ABSTRACT:

The differential equations of forced vibrations for a rectangular orthotropic plate resting on an elastic support and loaded with a concentrated weight is derived. The solution of this equation for the case of simply supported edges of the plate is looked for in the form of double trigonometric series. After the determination of the coefficients the magnitude of deflection in the point of the weight applied and of the action of the vibrating load is obtained. Two examples are cited.

V.Ye. Breslavskiy

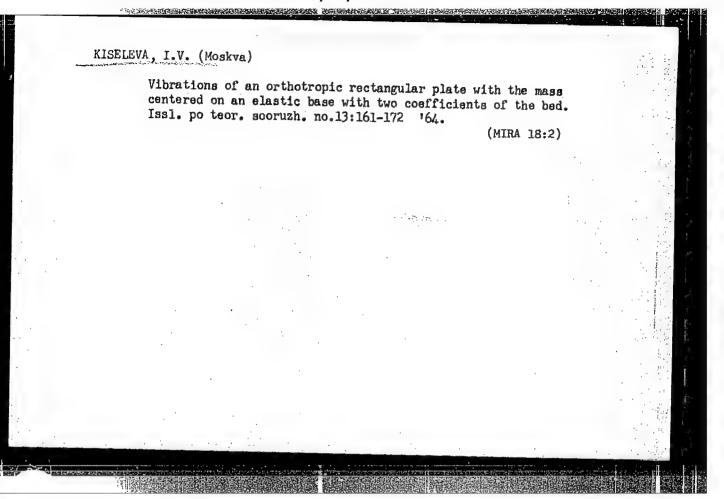
Card 1/1

KISELEVA, I. V. Cand Tech Sci -- (diss) "Certain problems of the dynamics of denstruction with the calculation of concentrated mass in the point of application of vibration loads." Mos, 1958. 14 pp with diagrams (Min of Higher Education USSR. Mos Motor Vehicle and Road Inst), 175 copies (KL, 52-58, 102)

-54-

KISELEVA, I.V., kand.tekhn.nauk (Moskva) Vibrations in an orthotropic rectangular plate of concentrated mass supported on two opposite sides and with optional support of the other two. Issl. po teor. secruth. no.10:57-68 '61. (MIRA 14:8)

(Elastic plates and shells--Vibration)



KISELEVA, I.V., kand.tekhn.nauk.(Moskva)...

Use of the shifting method in calculating frames with ponderable elements each supporting two concentrated masses under a vibrating load. Issl. po teer. socrush. no.14:125-130 *65.

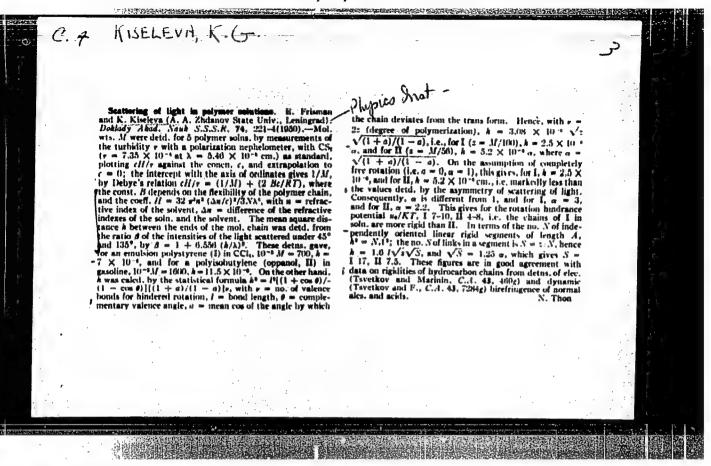
(MIRA 18:10)

KALMYKOV. B.N., GRERNOVA, V.P., IL'INA, T.S., KISELEVA, I.V.

Pneumonia in patients with influenza during the winter outbreak in 1959. Aber neuch trud. TacaCMI-22x116-124 162

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Kafedra-infektsicnnykh bolezney (zav. kafedroy T.Kn. Nadzhmiddinew) Tsahkentskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituts ja Institut vaktsin i syveretek (direktor - kand. bioleg. nauk & B. Egogamzy).



KISELEVA, K.G.

USSR/Chemistry of High-Molecular Substances, F

নৈরস্কর্মান টুলেন্ট কৈটোলন্টের্যা ইক্রেজন Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1957, 1121

ter season of the engine Kiselyeva, K. G., and Kizub, I. A. Author: Barrell Broker

Institution: Leningrad University

the result of the property of the party of t Title: Diffusion of Polystyrene Fractions in Carbon Tetrachloride

Original

1.12,034.1

Periodical: Vestn. Leningr. un-ta, 1956, No 10, 6-11

Abstract: The optical polarization method (Tsvetkov, V. N., Zh. eksperim. 1 teor. fiziki, 1951, Vol 21, 701) was utilized in determining the diffusion rate D of 7 fractions of polystyrene (molecular weight

from viscosity measurements 0.7-0.045.106) in CCl4. A relationship was established between D and the molecular weight M, as follows: D = 1.12 x 10-4M-0.52. This relationship corresponds to the model of the slightly-diffusible cloud. Values of $\{\gamma_0 D(M/7)1/3\}$ have been calculated for the investigated fractions, giving the ratio R_{γ}/R_{D} , where R_{D} is the radius of the hydrodynamically equivalent

sphere for diffusion phenomens and the is the redius of the

Card 1/2

- 1. BAZANOVA, S. V.; KISETEVA, K. I.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Constipation
- 7. "Tifen," a new preparation for the treatment of dyskinetic constipation. Sov. med 16 no 10, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January, 1953, Unclassified

BAZANOVA, S.V.; XISELEVA, K.I.

Use of tropacin in some internal diseases. Sov.med.19 no.7:
64-66 J1 '55. (MERA 8:10)

1. Is kafedry fakul 'tetskoy terapii (i.o. sav. S.V.Basanova)
Bashkisrskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir.N.F. Vorob'yev) i
Eumertauskoy bol'nitsy (sav. M.I. Namayev)

(ACEFIC ACID, driv.

diphenylacetic acid 3-tropyl ester.ther.use)

KISELEVA, K.M.

USSR /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application

T-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31550

Author : Syrkin Ya. M., Bernshteyn L.A., Kiseleva K.M.

: Use of Vacuum Filters for Dehydration of Ceramic Title

Slips

Orig Pub: Steklo i keramika, 1956, No 10, 22-26

Abstract:

Presentation of the results of laboratory and semi-industrial scale experiments on filtration, using a continuous operation filter, of ceramic slips made from clays of Nokolayevskoye, Chasov-Yarskoye and Artemovskoye deposits. It was

found that the output capacity of the filter

Card 1/4

USSR /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application

I-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31550

increases with increasing temperature of the slip, increased vacuum and on addition of coagulant in the form of CaO. Thus the output of a vacuum filter on filtration of a slip of Chasov-Yarskoye clay having the temperature of 20 and 60° increased from 6 to 20 kg/cm² hour. On preliminary drying of the clay, output of the filter is lowered, depending on duration of the drying. Thus on drying of Chasov-Yarskoye clay for 360 and 720 seconds the output dropped from 18 to 12 kg/cm² hour. It should be noted that on addition of coagulant the moisture content

Card 2/4

USSR /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application

I-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31550

of the cake of Chasov-Yarskoye "sukhar!" clay (T.N. - "sukhar!", literally "biscuit" clay is a fire clay of low plasticity and low binding power) increases, depending on the amount of coagulant added, from 36 to 46%. It is mentioned that in all instances the moisture content of "sukhar!" was of at least 35%. In order to obtain a molding paste having a moisture content of 7-8% it is advantageous to combine in a single assembly the mechanical and thermal drying of "sukhar!". A description is included of the experimental vacuum filter assembly com-

Card 3/4

USSR /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application

I-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31550

prising an after drying of "sukhar!" on a steam-heated drum drier.

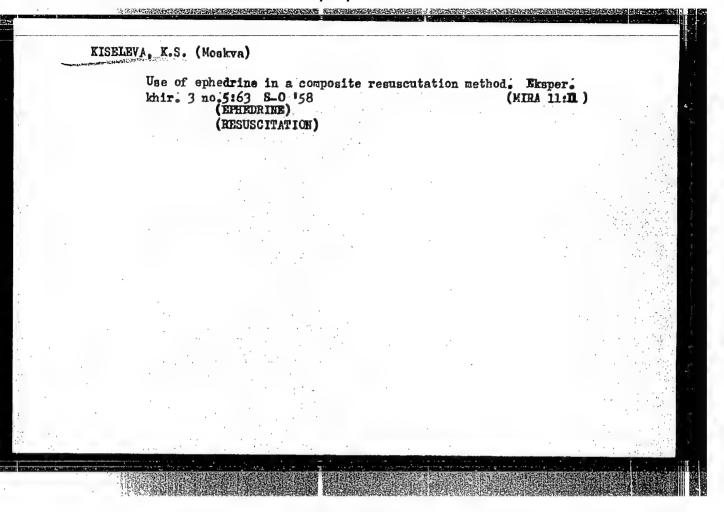
Card 4/4

SMIRENSKAYA, Ye.M.; KISELEVA, K.S.; ZOLOTOKRYLINA, Ye.S.

Significance of forced arterial blood transfusion in compound therapy for severe forms of shock. Ortop., travm. i protez. no.6:10-16
N-D *55. (MLRA 9:12)

1. Is laboratorii eksperimental'noy fiziologii po ozhivleniyu organisma (zav. - prof. V.A. Negovskiy) AMN SSSR.
(SHOCK, ther.

blood transfusion, forced)
(BLOOD TRANSFUSION,
torced in ther. of shock)



BULANOVA, O.N.; KISELEVA, K.S. (Moskva)

Effect of sodium bicarbonate on the restoration of vital functions after clinical death caused by blood loss. Pat. fiziol. i eksp.terap. 3 no.2:59-67 Mr-Ap 59. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Iz lahoratorii eksperimental noy fiziologii po ozhivleniyu organizma (zav. - prof. V.A. Negovskiy) AMN SSSR.
(CARBONATES. eff.

sodium bicarbonate, on restoration of vital funct. after clin. death induced by desanguination in dogs (Rus))
(RESUSCITATION

eff. of sodium bicarbonate after clin. death induced by desanguination in dogs (Rus))

NEGOVSKIY, V.A.; SCHOLEVA, V.I.; GURVICH, N.L.; KISELEVA, K.S.;

MACHAVARIANI, Sh.S.

Restoration of vital function in monkeys after mortal examguination under hypothermic conditions. Biul.eksp.biol.i med. 48
no.11:30-34 M '59. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Is laboratorii eksperimental'noy fiziologii po ozhivleniyu organizma (sav. - prof. V.A. Negovskiy) AMM SSSR, Moskva, 1
Instituta eksperimental'noy patologii i terapii (dir. - dottor biologicheskikh nauk I.A. Uktin), Sukhumi. Predstavlena deyst-vitel'nym chlenom AME SSSR V.W. Chernigovskim.

(MESUSCITATION exper.)

(HENOREPHAGE exper.)

(HYPOTHERMIA, HEDUCED exper.)

NEGOVSKIY, V.A.; SOBOLEVA, V.I.; GURVICH, N.L.; KISELEVA, K.S.

Restoration of the vital functions of the organism following 2 hours of clinical death under deep hypothermia; preliminary report. Vest. AMN SSSR 15 no. 10:40-44 160. (MIRA 14:4)

l. Laboratoriya eksperimental noy fiziologii po ozhivleniyu organizma AMN SSSR.

(RESUSCUTATION) (HYPOTHERMIA)

	TOTAL	MITTER OTCITUDES	บก กระชาคุณการ	PRTIAN WITH	he terminal stated diplacin and me no.4:24.45 '61.	e arising thods of	
		(DIPLACIN)		(DEATH)	(RESUSCITATION)	(MIRA 14:10)	
					8 .4 1		
*							
	4 - 1 - 2 2				* 1		

Restoration of vital functions after massive hemorrhage combined with the use of muscle relaxants. Pat. fiziol. i eksp. terap. 6 no.6:22-26 N-D'62 (MIRA 17:3) 1. Iz laboratorii eksperimental'noy fiziologii po ozhivleniyu organizma (zav. - prof. V.A. Negovskiy) ANN SSSR.

Method for the conduction of intra-arterial blood in

Method for the conduction of intra-arterial blood infusion in treating prolonged hypotension caused by blood loss and shock. Akush. i gin. no.2:42-44 62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz laboratorii eksperimental'noy fiziologii po ozhivleniyu organizma (sav. - prof. V. A. Negovskiy) AMN SSSR.

(BLOOD_TRANSFUSION) (SHOCK) (HEMORRHAGE) (HYPOTENSION)

ACCESSION NR: AP4000269

8/0219/63/056/011/0039/0043

AUTHOR: Negovskiy, V. A.; Soboleva, V. I.; Gurvich, N. L.; Kiseleva, K. S.

TITLE: Deep hypothermia as a method for prolonging clinical death

SOURCE: Byulleten' eksperimental'noy biologii i meditsiny*, v. 56,

TOPIC TAGS: hypothermia, clinical death, resuscitation process, resuscitation process inhibitor, loss of blood, blood loss, acute blood loss, blood infusion, intraarterial infusion, intraarterial blood infusion, blood perfusion, heart dilation, hemodynamic disturbance, metabolic acidosis

ABSTRACT: In two groups of experimental dogs body temperature was reduced to 20-23°C and venesection was performed to induce clinical death. Animals were revived after clinical death of two hours with heat, blood perfusion, artificial respiration, defibrillation, and heart stimulation. Electrocardiograms were recorded during the entire experiment. In the first group of 23 dogs only 5 animals survived